

#### Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008

LOCTITE DURO-TAK 129A known as DURO-TAK 180-129A

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SDS No.: 411957

V001.6

Revision: 06.06.2016 printing date: 02.08.2017

#### 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

LOCTITE DURO-TAK 129A known as DURO-TAK 180-129A **Product name:** 

Intended use: All-purpose adhesive

Company name:

Henkel (China) Investment Co. Ltd.

No.928 Zhangheng Rd.

201203 Pudong, Shanghai, P.R. China

China

Phone: +86-21-2891 8000 +86-21-2891 5137 Fax-no.:

06.06.2016 **Revision date:** 

**Emergency information:** Emergency telephone: +86 532 8388 9090 (24h).

#### 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 (General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals):

**Hazard Class Hazard Category** Target organ

Flammable liquids Category 2 Category 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity -Category 3

single exposure Aspiration hazard Category 1 Acute hazards to the aquatic Category 2 environment Chronic hazards to the aquatic Category 2

environment

Label elements according to GB 15258-2009 (General rules for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals):

Hazard pictogram:

Central Nervous System

Signal word: Danger

### LOCTITE DURO-TAK 129A known as DURO-TAK 180-129A

**Hazard statement:** H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Prevention:** P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling

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P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and face protection.

**Response:** P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304+P340+P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for

extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:** P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:** P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in

accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of

disposal.

Label elements according to GB 15258-2009 (General rules for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals):

Hazard pictogram:

Signal word:

Danger

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#### 3. Composition / information on ingredients

**General description:** Mixture

Declaration of the ingredients according to GB 13690-2009:

| Hazard component CAS-No.                   | Content    | GHS Classification   |
|--|------------|--|
| Propan-2-ol                                | 10- < 20 % | Flammable liquids 2  |
| 67-63-0                                    |            | H225 Serious eye damage/eye irritation 2A H319                 |
|  |            | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 3<br>H336     |
| Ethyl acetate                              | 10- < 20 % | Flammable liquids 2  |
| 141-78-6                                   |            | H225 Serious eye damage/eye irritation 2A H319                 |
|  |            | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 3<br>H336     |
| n-Heptane<br>142-82-5                      | 1- < 10 %  | Flammable liquids 2<br>H225                                    |
| 142-02-3                                   |            | Skin corrosion/irritation 2                                    |
|  |            | H315 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 3 H336   |
|  |            | Aspiration hazard 1  |
|  |            | H304 Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 1 H400           |
|  |            | Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment 1 H410              |
| Naphtha, hydrotreated light, <0,1% benzene | 1- < 10 %  | Flammable liquids 2  |
| 64742-49-0                                 |            | H225<br>Skin corrosion/irritation 2<br>H315                    |
|  |            | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 3<br>H336     |
|  |            | Aspiration hazard 1<br>H304                                    |
|  |            | Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 2 H401                |
|  |            | Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment 2<br>H411           |
| Methylcyclohexane<br>108-87-2              | 1- < 10 %  | Flammable liquids 2<br>H225                                    |
| 100 07 2                                   |            | Skin corrosion/irritation 2                                    |
|  |            | H315 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 3 H336   |
|  |            | Aspiration hazard 1<br>H304                                    |
|  |            | Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 2 H401                |
|  |            | Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment 2<br>H411           |
| Toluene<br>108-88-3                        | 1- < 10 %  | Flammable liquids 2<br>H225                                    |
| 100-00-3                                   |            | Skin corrosion/irritation 2                                    |
|  |            | H315 Toxic to reproduction 2                                   |
|  |            | H361 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 3        |
|  |            | H336 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure 2 H373 |
|  |            | Aspiration hazard 1<br>H304                                    |
|  |            | Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 2 H401                |
|  |            | Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment 3 H412              |

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Only hazardous ingredients for which a classification according to GB 13690-2009 is already available are displayed in this table. For full text of the Hazard statements see section 16 "Other information".

4. First aid measures

**Skin contact:** Immediately remove soiled or soaked clothing.

Rinse with running water and soap. Apply replenishing cream. Change all contaminated

clothing.

**Eye contact:** Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention

from a specialist.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air.

Keep warm and in a quiet place.

Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.

Seek medical attention from a specialist.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

Seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

5. Fire fighting measures

Hazardous combustion products: carbon monoxide

Carbon dioxide Irritating vapors.

**Extinguishing media:** Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide.

Fine water spray

**Fire-fighting method:** In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

Do not spray onto flame or red-hot objects. Keep away from sources of ignition - no

smoking.

Notice and measures for firing

fighting:

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear full protective clothing.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

**Emergency measures:** Danger of slipping on spilled product.

Keep unprotected persons away.

Inform authorities in the event of product spillage to water courses or sewage systems.

Keep away from sources of ignition and naked flames.

Wear protective equipment.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

See advice in section 8

**Clean-up methods:** Remove with liquid-absorbing material (sand, peat, sawdust).

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

#### 7. Handling and storage

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**Notice for handling:** Ensure good ventilation/suction at the workplace.

Avoid open flames and sources of ignition.

Wear suitable protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves. Take measures to prevent the build-up of electrostatic charges.

Avoid skin and eye contact.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Keep out of the reach of children.

See advice in section 8

**Notice for storage:** Ensure that storage and workrooms are adequately ventilated.

Keep container tightly sealed. Store in a cool, dry place. Protect from direct sunlight.

Temperatures between + 5 °C and + 35 °C Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Do not store near sources of heat or ignition, or reactive materials.

#### 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

| Hazardous components | GBZ 2.1-2007                                 | ACGIH                      | NIOSH | OSHA |
|----------------------|--|----------------------------|-------|------|
| Propan-2-ol          | 350 mg/m3PC-TWA<br>700 mg/m3PC-STEL          | 200 ppm TWA<br>400 ppm TWA |       | none |
| Ethyl acetate        | 200 mg/m3PC-TWA<br>300 mg/m3PC-STEL          | 400 ppm TWA                |       | none |
| n-Heptane            | 500 mg/m3PC-TWA<br>1,000 mg/m3PC-STEL        | 400 ppm TWA<br>500 ppm TWA |       | none |
| Toluene              | 50 mg/m3PC-TWA<br>100 mg/m3PC-STEL<br>(SKIN) | 20 ppm TWA                 |       | none |

**Engineering controls:** Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Avoid naked flames, sparking and sources of ignition.

Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding

techniques.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice

**Respiratory protection:** Suitable breathing mask when there is inadequate ventilation.

**Eye protection:** Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk

of splashing.

**Body protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Protective clothing that covers arms and legs.

**Hand protection:** Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374). Suitable materials for short-term contact or

splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): Isobutylene-isoprene rubber (IIR; >= 0.7 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): Isobutylene-isoprene

rubber (IIR; >= 0.7 mm thickness) This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear

and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Other protection: The selection of PPE shall at least compliant with "Law of the People's Republic of China

on Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases" and "Code of practice for selection

of personal protective equipments" (GB/T 11651-2008).

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while

working.

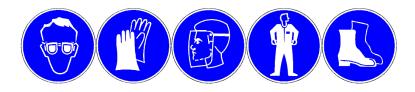
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#### Pictograms for recommended PPE:



#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid Appearance: Clear colorless

liquid

**pH:** Not available. Melting point: Not available. Boiling point: > 60 °C (> 140 °F) Density: 0.9 g/cm3

Flash point: -4 °C (24.8 °F) Ignition temperature: > 260 °C (> 500 °F) Solubility in water Not available. Viscosity: 1,750 - 3,500 cp

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

**Conditions to avoid:** Keep away from heat, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

**Incompatible products:** Strong acids, alkalies and oxidizing agents.

**Decomposition products:** No decomposition if used according to specifications.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur

#### 11. Toxicological information

#### General toxicological information:

To the best of our knowledge no harmful effects are to be expected if the product is handled and used properly.

#### Oral toxicity:

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

#### Inhalative toxicity:

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): > 40 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: Vapor.
Method: Calculation method

#### **Dermal toxicity:**

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

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#### Other remarks:

Not available.

#### Acute toxicity:

| Hazardous components | Value | Value          | Route of    | Exposure | Species | Method                    |
|----------------------|-------|----------------|-------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|
| CAS-No.              | type  |                | application | time     |         |                           |
| Propan-2-ol          | LD50  | 5,840 mg/kg    | oral        |          | rat     | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute |
| 67-63-0              | LC50  | 72.6 mg/l      | inhalation  | 4 h      | rat     | Oral Toxicity)            |
|                      | LD50  | 12,870 mg/kg   | dermal      |          | rabbit  |                           |
| Ethyl acetate        | LD50  | 6,100 mg/kg    | oral        |          | rat     | Draize Test               |
| 141-78-6             | LC50  | 200 mg/l       | inhalation  | 1 h      | rat     |                           |
|                      | LD50  | > 20,000 mg/kg | dermal      |          | rabbit  |                           |
| n-Heptane            | LD50  | > 5,000 mg/kg  | oral        |          | rat     | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute |
| 142-82-5             | LC50  | 29.29 mg/l     | inhalation  | 4 h      | rat     | Oral Toxicity)            |
|                      | LD50  | > 2,000 mg/kg  | dermal      |          | rabbit  | OECD Guideline 403 (Acute |
|                      |       |                |             |          |         | Inhalation Toxicity)      |
|                      |       |                |             |          |         | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute |
|                      |       |                |             |          |         | Dermal Toxicity)          |
| Methylcyclohexane    | LD50  | > 5,840 mg/kg  | oral        |          | rat     |                           |
| 108-87-2             |       |                |             |          |         |                           |
| Toluene              | LD50  | 5,580 mg/kg    | oral        |          | rat     |                           |
| 108-88-3             | LC50  | 28.1 mg/l      | inhalation  | 4 h      | rat     |                           |
|                      | LD50  | > 5,000 mg/kg  | dermal      |          | rabbit  |                           |

#### Skin corrosion/irritation:

| Hazardous components | Result              | Exposure | Species | Method                         |
|----------------------|---------------------|----------|---------|--------------------------------|
| CAS-No.              |                     | time     |         |                                |
| Propan-2-ol          | slightly irritating | 4 h      | rabbit  | OECD Guideline 404 (Acute      |
| 67-63-0              |                     |          |         | Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Ethyl acetate        | slightly irritating | 24 h     | rabbit  | OECD Guideline 404 (Acute      |
| 141-78-6             |                     |          |         | Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Toluene              | irritating          |          | rabbit  | OECD Guideline 404 (Acute      |
| 108-88-3             |                     |          |         | Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |

#### Serious eye damage/irritation:

| Hazardous components | Result                | Exposure | Species | Method                      |
|----------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------------------------|
| CAS-No.              |                       | time     |         |                             |
| Propan-2-ol          | moderately irritating |          | rabbit  | OECD Guideline 405 (Acute   |
| 67-63-0              |                       |          |         | Eye Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Ethyl acetate        | slightly irritating   |          | rabbit  | OECD Guideline 405 (Acute   |
| 141-78-6             |                       |          |         | Eye Irritation / Corrosion) |

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result          | Test type                           | Species    | Method                                     |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Propan-2-ol<br>67-63-0       | not sensitising | Buehler<br>test                     | guinea pig | OECD Guideline 406 (Skin<br>Sensitisation) |
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6       | not sensitising | Guinea pig<br>maximisat<br>ion test | guinea pig | OECD Guideline 406 (Skin<br>Sensitisation) |

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#### Germ cell mutagenicity:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result                                   | Type of study /<br>Route of<br>administration   | Metabolic<br>activation /<br>Exposure time | Species             | Method   |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------|--|
| Propan-2-ol<br>67-63-0       | negative with<br>metabolic<br>activation | mammalian cell<br>gene mutation assay   | with and without                           |                     | OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro<br>Mammalian Cell Gene<br>Mutation Test)  |
| Propan-2-ol<br>67-63-0       | negative                                 | intraperitoneal   |  | mouse               | OECD Guideline 474<br>(Mammalian Erythrocyte<br>Micronucleus Test)   |
| Ethyl acetate<br>141-78-6    | negative<br>negative                     | bacterial reverse<br>mutation assay (e.g<br>Ames test)<br>in vitro mammalian<br>chromosome<br>aberration test | with and without<br>with and without       |                     | OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test) |
| Ethyl acetate<br>141-78-6    | negative                                 | oral: gavage  |  | hamster,<br>Chinese | OECD Guideline 474<br>(Mammalian Erythrocyte<br>Micronucleus Test)   |
| n-Heptane<br>142-82-5        | negative                                 | bacterial reverse<br>mutation assay (e.g<br>Ames test)  | with and without                           |                     | Ames Test  |
| Toluene<br>108-88-3          | negative                                 | bacterial reverse<br>mutation assay (e.g<br>Ames test)  | with and without                           |                     |  |

#### Repeated dose toxicity:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. | Result             | Route of application  | Exposure time /<br>Frequency of<br>treatment | Species | Method   |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--|---------|--|
| Propan-2-ol<br>67-63-0       |                    | inhalation:<br>vapour | at least 104 w6 h/d, 5 d/w                   | rat     |  |
| Ethyl acetate<br>141-78-6    | NOAEL=900<br>mg/kg | oral: gavage          | 90 ddaily                                    | rat     | EPA OTS 795.2600<br>(Subchronic Oral Toxicity<br>Test) |
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6       | NOAEL=1.28 mg/l    | inhalation            | 94 dcontinuous                               | rat     | EPA OTS 798.2450 (90-Day<br>Inhalation Toxicity)       |

#### 12. Ecological information

#### General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains, soil or bodies of water.

Toxic to aquatic organisms

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### **Ecotoxicity:**

No data available.

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#### Other adverse effects:

Not available.

#### **Toxicity:**

| Hazardous components<br>CAS-No.   | Value<br>type | Value                 | Acute<br>Toxicity | Exposure time | Species   | Method  |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------|---|---|
| C/15 110.   | ty pe         |                       | Study             | time          |   |   |
| Propan-2-ol<br>67-63-0  | LC50          | > 9,640 - 10,000 mg/l | Fish              | 96 h          | Pimephales promelas   | OECD Guideline<br>203 (Fish, Acute  |
| Propan-2-ol<br>67-63-0  | EC50          | > 1,000 mg/l          | Algae             | 96 h          | Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus                                    | Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth                           |
| Propan-2-ol<br>67-63-0  | NOEC          | 1,000 mg/l            | Algae             | 96 h          | subspicatus) Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus                       | Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth                         |
| Propan-2-ol<br>67-63-0  | EC 50         | > 1,000 mg/l          | Bacteria          | 3 h           | subspicatus)  | Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 209 (Activated                            |
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6  | LC50          | 270 mg/l              | Fish              | 48 h          | Leuciscus idus melanotus  | Sludge, Respiration<br>Inhibition Test)<br>DIN 38412-15                   |
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6  | EC50          | 164 mg/l              | Daphnia           | 48 h          | Daphnia cucullata   | OECD Guideline<br>202 (Daphnia sp.<br>Acute<br>Immobilisation             |
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6  | EC50          | > 2,000 mg/l          | Algae             | 96 h          | Selenastrum capricornutum<br>(new name: Pseudokirchnerella                        | Test)<br>OECD Guideline<br>201 (Alga, Growth                              |
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6  | NOEC          | 2,000 mg/l            | Algae             | 96 h          | subcapitata) Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) | Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)        |
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6  | EC10          | 2,900 mg/l            | Bacteria          | 18 h          | suocapitata)  | ininotion Test)   |
| n-Heptane 142-82-5  | LC50          | > 220 - 270 mg/l      | Fish              | 96 h          | Leuciscus idus  | OECD Guideline<br>203 (Fish, Acute<br>Toxicity Test)                      |
| n-Heptane<br>142-82-5   | EC50          | 1.5 mg/l              | Daphnia           | 48 h          | Daphnia magna   | OECD Guideline<br>202 (Daphnia sp.<br>Acute                               |
| Naphtha, hydrotreated light, <0,1% benzene                                | LC50          | > 1 - 10 mg/l         | Fish              |               |   | Immobilisation<br>Test)<br>OECD Guideline<br>203 (Fish, Acute             |
| 64742-49-0<br>Naphtha, hydrotreated light,<br><0,1% benzene<br>64742-49-0 | EC50          | 3 mg/l                | Daphnia           | 48 h          | Daphnia magna   | Toxicity Test) OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute                      |
| Naphtha, hydrotreated light, <0,1% benzene                                | EC50          | > 1 - 10 mg/l         | Algae             |               |   | Immobilisation<br>Test)<br>OECD Guideline<br>201 (Alga, Growth            |
| 64742-49-0<br>Methylcyclohexane<br>108-87-2                               | EC50          | 147,000 mg/l          | Daphnia           | 48 h          | Daphnia magna   | Inhibition Test) OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute                    |
| Toluene   | NOEC          | 3.2 mg/l              | Fish              | 28 d          | Cyprinodon variegatus   | Immobilisation<br>Test)<br>OECD Guideline                                 |
| 108-88-3 Toluene  | LC50          | 5.5 mg/l              | Fish              | 96 h          | Oncorhynchus kisutch  | 204 (Fish,<br>Prolonged Toxicity<br>Test: 14-day Study)<br>OECD Guideline |
| 108-88-3  | LCJU          | 5.5 mg/1              | 1 1511            | 70 11         | Oncomynenus Risuten   | 203 (Fish, Acute<br>Toxicity Test)  |
| Toluene 108-88-3  | EC50          | 11.5 mg/l             | Daphnia           | 48 h          | Daphnia magna   | OECD Guideline<br>202 (Daphnia sp.<br>Acute                               |
| Toluene   | IC50          | 12 mg/l               | Algae             | 72 h          | Selenastrum capricornutum   | Immobilisation<br>Test)<br>OECD Guideline                                 |

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|         | 108-88-3 |      |         |          |      | (new name: Pseudokirchnerella      | 201 (Alga, Growth<br>Inhibition Test) |
|---------|----------|------|---------|----------|------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Toluene | 100 00 2 | NOEC | 29 mg/l | Bacteria | 16 h | subcapitata)<br>Pseudomonas putida | DIN 38412, part 8                     |
|         | 108-88-3 |      |         |          |      |                                    | (Pseudomonas<br>Zellvermehrungshe     |
|         |          |      |         |          |      |                                    | mm-Test)                              |

#### Persistence and degradability:

| Hazardous components CAS-No.                          | Result                | Route of application | Degradability | Method  |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|---|
| Propan-2-ol<br>67-63-0                                | readily biodegradable | aerobic              | 70 - 84 %     | EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test) |
| Ethyl acetate<br>141-78-6                             | readily biodegradable | aerobic              | 100 %         | OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready<br>Biodegradability: Closed Bottle<br>Test)           |
| Naphtha, hydrotreated light, <0,1% benzene 64742-49-0 | readily biodegradable | aerobic              | 89 %          | OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready<br>Biodegradability: Manometric<br>Respirometry Test) |
| Toluene 108-88-3                                      | readily biodegradable | aerobic              | 80 %          | OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready<br>Biodegradability: Closed Bottle<br>Test)           |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential / Mobility in soil:**

| Hazardous components          | LogKow  | Bioconcentration | Exposure | Species        | Temperature | Method                     |
|-------------------------------|---------|------------------|----------|----------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| CAS-No.                       |         | factor (BCF)     | time     |                |             |                            |
| Propan-2-ol                   | 0.05    |                  |          |                |             | OECD Guideline 107         |
| 67-63-0                       |         |                  |          |                |             | (Partition Coefficient (n- |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | octanol / water), Shake    |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | Flask Method)              |
| Ethyl acetate                 | 0.6     |                  |          |                |             | OECD Guideline 107         |
| 141-78-6                      |         |                  |          |                |             | (Partition Coefficient (n- |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | octanol / water), Shake    |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | Flask Method)              |
| n-Heptane                     | 4.66    |                  |          |                |             | OECD Guideline 107         |
| 142-82-5                      |         |                  |          |                |             | (Partition Coefficient (n- |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | octanol / water), Shake    |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | Flask Method)              |
| Naphtha, hydrotreated light,  | 4 - 5.7 |                  |          |                |             | OECD Guideline 107         |
| <0,1% benzene                 |         |                  |          |                |             | (Partition Coefficient (n- |
| 64742-49-0                    |         |                  |          |                |             | octanol / water), Shake    |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | Flask Method)              |
| Methylcyclohexane<br>108-87-2 | 3.61    |                  |          |                |             |                            |
| Toluene                       |         | 90               | 3 d      | Leuciscus idus |             | OECD Guideline 305         |
| 108-88-3                      |         |                  |          | melanotus      |             | (Bioconcentration: Flow-   |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | through Fish Test)         |
| Toluene                       | 2.73    |                  |          |                | 20 °C       | OECD Guideline 107         |
| 108-88-3                      |         |                  |          |                |             | (Partition Coefficient (n- |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | octanol / water), Shake    |
|                               |         |                  |          |                |             | Flask Method)              |

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### LOCTITE DURO-TAK 129A known as DURO-TAK 180-129A

#### 13. Disposal considerations

**Product disposal:** If the waste is classified as hazardous waste according to GB 5085.7-2007 (Identification

standards for hazardous wastes, General Specifications). Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with "Regulation on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals", "Law of the People's Republic of China on the prevention and control of Environmental

Pollution by Solid Waste", "National Catalogue of Hazardous Waste".

List in National Hazardous Waste Catalogue.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and national regulations.

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

**Disposal of uncleaned packages:** Dispose of as unused product.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

#### 14. Transport information

#### Road transport ADR:

Class: 3
Packing group: II
Classification code: F1
Hazard ident. number: 33
UN no.: 1133
Label: 3

Technical name: ADHESIVES

Additional information: Special provision 640D

#### Railroad transport RID:

Class: 3
Packing group: II
Classification code: F1
Hazard ident. number: 33
UN no.: 1133
Label: 3

Technical name: ADHESIVES

Additional information: Special provision 640D

#### Marine transport IMDG:

Class: 3
Packing group: II
UN no.: 1133
Label: 3
EmS: F-E ,S-D
Seawater pollutant: Marine pollutant

Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES (Heptanes)

SDS No.: 411957

V001.6

#### LOCTITE DURO-TAK 129A known as DURO-TAK 180-129A

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#### Air transport IATA:

3 Class: II Packing group: Packaging instructions (passenger): 353 Packaging instructions (cargo): 364 UN no.: 1133 Label: 3

Proper shipping name: Adhesives

**Notice For Transportation:** Transport according to local and national regulations. Ensure

> containers will not leak, collapse, or being damaged when transported. DO NOT transport with incompatible materials. Transportation vehicle should be equipped with right fire-fighting equipment in case of emergency. Avoid solarization, drenched and high temperature when

transported.

#### 15. Regulatory information

The following laws and regulations lay down provisions in terms of chemicals safety use, storage, transportation, loading/ unloading, classification as well as symbol.

"Law of the People's Republic of China on Work Safety" (Adopted by the 28th meeting of 9th NPC standing committee on 29th June 2002, revised by 10th meeting of 12nd NPC standing committee on 31st Aug 2014).

"Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Treatment of Occupational Diseases" (Adopted by the 24th meeting of 9th NPC standing committee on 27th October 2001, revised by 24th meeting of 11st NPC standing committee on 31st Dec 2011).

"Law of the People's Republic of China on environmental protection" (Adopted by 11st meeting of 7th NPC standing committee on 26th December 1989, revised by 8th meeting of 12nd NPC standing committee on 24th Apr 2014).

"Regulation on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals" (Adopted by 144th State Council executive meeting on 16th February 2011).

"Regulations on License to Work Safety" (Adopted by 54th State Council executive meeting on 29th July 2014).

**China Inventory of Existing** 

**Chemicals:** 

Compliance with RoHS.

All components are listed or are exempt from Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

in China.

#### 16. Other information

02.08.2017 Issue date:

Xin Wang, Product Safety & Regulatory Affairs Specialist for Greater China, +86-21-Issue department:

28915965

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# LOCTITE DURO-TAK 129A known as DURO-TAK 180-129A

Disclaimer:

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

Others:

The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet section 3 are as follows:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.